

Scarcity And Its Impact On The Farmland Market

By: John D. Moss, President/Managing Broker

ark Twain once said, "Buy land, they're not making it anymore." While I don't think that Twain was specifically referring to Midwestern farmland, to me in a subtle way his comment helps explain the final bid prices at some recent auctions. As we've learned the past 6 months, you can't look just at commodity prices or interest rates as the main predictors of which direction farmland values may be heading. You also need to consider the number of acres that have actually been available to *buy* of late. Twain's humorous quote might be considered an economic lesson in supply management, that is the price of most items of value will remain relatively firm even in tough times, *if* the amount that can be purchased is limited.

Before I delve further into the impact of land scarcity, I would like to provide a brief recap of the land market since last fall. Survey results of farmland professionals and lenders across the Midwest indicate that the average price of land has fallen anywhere from 1 - 10 %. This seems to mirror the outcome of many of the auctions that Loranda has conducted the past several months, as reflected in a table elsewhere in this letter. But when you consider how far grain prices have dropped, and that net income in 2015 is projected to be the lowest in years, many are wondering why land prices haven't fallen *more*. Yes, the record crop yields in 2014 helped support sales last winter, but I've heard some reports of farms selling for as much as \$11,000 - \$13,000 per acre just in the past month... at a time when the fall price for corn is at \$3.50 per bushel.

Though 2015 may not be as lucrative as past years, it's important to mention that grain farming in the Midwest has been quite profitable since 2007. Many farmers have very strong financial statements and have built a considerable amount of equity in the land that they own. Yet the ones I've talked to recently are also becoming nervous about the future and psychologically they have turned quite conservative in their capital purchases (as John Deere and other equipment manufacturers can attest). Conservative that is, until a good quality farm in their immediate area comes for sale, which is where Mr. Twain's musings becomes relevant. In many townships across the Midwest, very little land has sold the past few years. Recent studies have shown that in Illinois less than 1% of all farmland comes on the market annually, which is less than half of what it was 20 years ago. This low turnover rate has created the mindset in many of "If I don't buy this farm now, I may never have the opportunity to do so again in the future." Realize that this attitude is most prevalent with the best quality farms and doesn't necessarily extend across all land classes. Farmers will extend themselves even in tough times in order to buy a good tract (i.e., one with "A" soils, that's all tillable, etc.), but will *not* do the same for less attractive parcels.

The most important element of this whole discussion may be *why* landowners aren't selling. For many, the idea of "keeping the farm in the family" has always been the driving force. Then, after the 2008 economic meltdown, a greater number began to appreciate the financial safety and security that land offers. And once the annual returns from their farms began to significantly exceed the interest that they could receive from bonds or C.D's, the decision to hold versus sell became much easier.

I personally believe that this scarcity will continue for the next few years, especially if interest rates remain low and the perceived risk of alternative investments remains high. This should add some stability to land prices, but commodity prices will also ultimately have a big impact. If profitability remains elusive, then land prices will probably continue drifting lower but likely not as low as one would think. Remember that in the 80's when commodity prices were low, many farmers did not have the financial cushion that they do today. This resulted in numerous foreclosures, which significantly increased the supply of land on the market and in turn forced prices lower than they probably would have otherwise gone.

In summary, the current scarcity of available land may bode well if you have a farm that you want to sell. However, you need to realize that land prices are lower today than they were two years ago, and the interest in your farm will be directly correlated with both its quality *and* the number of other farms that have sold recently in your specific area.





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Selected Loranda Fall/Winter Sales

	County, State	Total Acres	Tillable Acres	Price Per Acre	Soil Class	Notes
	Montgomery, IL	401±	397±	\$11,995	A-/B+	Large fields w/ straight sides; Waterways cut farm; Included grain storage, older home, & barns
	McLean, IL	277±	274±	\$10,830	A	Waterways and electric transmission lines cut farm; Included 5 acres in CRP; Good yields
	Marshall, IL	155±	155±	\$10,387	A-/B+	Contiguous; Two tracts; Very strong yields in recent years
おいていてん	Iroquois, IL	491±	460±	\$8,627	B/B-	Irregularly shaped fields & ditches; Included 9 acres in CRP; Non-tillable acres com- prised of timber and grass
	Sangamon, IL	40±	16±	\$8,000	A/C	Timber/Pasture mixture; Odd-shaped fields; Close to other residential development; Sealed Bid Sale
金属 オ	McDonough, IL	155±	145±	\$7,550	A/B-	Odd-shaped; Waterway cut farm; Most recently used to pasture cattle
	Macoupin, IL	238±	177±	\$5,735	B/C	Odd-shaped; Ditches cut farm; Non-tillable acres comprised of timber suitable for hunting
1000	Fayette, IL	365±	354±	\$6,250	B-/C	Multiple parcels in 2 townships; Abundant road frontage; Brokered
	Macoupin, IL	80±	48±	\$4,200	B-/C	Timber/Tillable mixture; Non-tillable acres comprised of timber suitable for hunting
	Fulton, IL	318±	125±	\$3,500	C	Timber/Tillable mixture; Primary use was hunting; Odd-shaped; Minimal road frontage; Brokered

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